

LIMFJORDEN LIMFJORDEN

Keld Jensen

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Limfjorden

Limfjorden udgør den nordlige grænse for Himmerland. Denne tynde stribe vand afgrænser himmerlændinge fra vendelboerne nord for fjorden.

Vi benævner dette snævre farvand for fjord, men i dag er det reelt et sund. Hvor der tilbage i historien var lukket ud mod Nordsøen, blev fjorden åbnet mod vest af voldsomme naturkræfter under stormfloder i 1800-tallet.

Bredden langs Limfjorden er et af mine favoritsteder. Her kan jeg opleve kystnaturen tæt omkring mig, men pludselig sejler et oceangående skib forbi på vej ind mod den travle havn i Aalborg.

Fjorden er omkring 4-5 meter dyb, men der er etableret en sejlrende, hvor der er 9,4 meter dybt. Sejlrenden er kun 110 meter bred. De snævre forhold gør, at myndighederne har bestemt, at der er lodspligt for alle skibe med en dybdegang på seks meter og derover og for visse specialskibe.

Mange gange om dagen kan man se den røde lodsbåd sejle ud mod Hals Barre Fyr. Den skal sejle en lods ud til de store skibe.

Den afmærkede sejlrende fra Nordsøen til udmundingen ved landsbyerne Hals og Egense er omkring 170 meter lang.

Farvandet ud for landsbyerne Hals og Egense er i dag fyldt med trafik. Her er der færgedrift og de små marinaer er hjemsted for mange lystbåde.

Farvandet og resten af fjorden har en lang historie bag sig. F.eks. nævnes stednavnet Hals i de islandske sagaer, og Limfjorden gav jo passage for skibe helt ind til vikingeborgen Aggersborg. Tidligere var sildefiskeriet en vigtig indtægtskilde for lokalegnen, og vi kan fortsat få en god oplevelse med fiskeri efter skrubber, sild og hornfisk på Limfjorden.

I tekster fra Middelalderen fremgår det, at f.eks. Kong Erik 6. Menved ved forordning fra marts år 1304 regulerede fiskeriet omkring Limfjorden, så fogederne ikke måtte forhindre transport af trækar med fisk. Sild fra Aalborg-området indgik i 1300-tallet i vedtægter for sildehandelen i Lübeck. Der var tale om en lukrativ handel for lokalområdet.

Limfjorden

Limfjorden forms the northern border of Himmerland. This thin strip of water separates the people of Himmerland from the inhabitants of Vendsyssel, who live north of the fjord.

We refer to this narrow body of water as a fjord, but today it is technically a sound. In the past, it was closed off from the North Sea, but the fjord was opened to the west by powerful natural forces during storm surges in the 19th century.

The shoreline along Limfjorden is one of my favourite places. Here, I can experience the coastal nature up close, but suddenly an ocean-going ship will sail by, heading towards the busy port of Aalborg.

The fjord is about 4-5 meters deep, but a shipping channel has been established with a depth of 9.4 meters. The channel is only 110 meters wide. Due to the narrow conditions, the authorities have mandated that all ships with a draft of six meters or more, as well as certain specialized ships, must have a pilot.

Several times a day, you can see the red pilot boat heading out towards Hals Barre Lighthouse. It takes a pilot out to guide the large ships.

The marked shipping channel from the North Sea to the mouth of the fjord near the villages of Hals and Egense is about 170 kilometres long.

The waters off the villages of Hals and Egense are now bustling with traffic. There is a ferry service, and the small marinas are home to many pleasure boats.

The waters and the rest of the fjord have a long history. For example, the place name Hals is mentioned in the Icelandic sagas, and Limfjorden provided passage for ships all the way to the Viking fortress of Aggersborg. In the past, herring fishing was an important source of income for the local area, and we can still enjoy fishing for flounder, herring, and garfish in Limfjorden today.

Texts from the Middle Ages reveal that, for instance, King Eric VI Menved regulated fishing around Limfjorden by decree in March 1304, stating that the local authorities were not allowed to prevent the transport of barrels of fish. Herring from the Aalborg area was included in trade agreements for the herring trade in Lübeck in the 14th century. It was a lucrative trade for the local community.



Limfjorden, august 2018

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Limfjorden, September 2018



Limfjorden, juli 2018

Limfjorden, July 2018



Limfjorden, juni 2018

Limfjorden, June 2018



Limfjorden, juli 2022

Limfjorden, July 2022



Limfjorden, august 2018

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Limfjorden, september 2018

Limfjorden, September 2018



Limfjorden, maj 2020

Limfjorden, May 2020



Limfjorden, juli 2022

Limfjorden, July 2022



Limfjorden, juli 2022

Limfjorden, July 2022



Limfjorden, juli 2022

Limfjorden, July 2022

KOLOFON

Ugens foto: Limfjorden
Af Keld Jensen

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COLOPHON

Photo of the week: Limfjorden
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